Smarter Experimentation for Scientists and Engineers



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Designing a Full Factorial

You are studying a process for cleaning metal components. Your response is Particles, measured as particles per cm². You want to design an experiment to study three continuous factors, at the following settings:

- Bath Time (hours): 10 and 20
- % Solution: 5 and 15
- Rinse Time: 1 and 5 hours

In JMP use the Full Factorial Design platform (from DOE, Classical) to design a randomized 2³ full factorial experiment. Replicate the entire design once. Before you make the design table, click the top red triangle, select **Set Random Seed**, and enter the value 1234. (This ensures that you generate the design in the same randomized order as the one used in the solutions.)

Questions:

- 1. How many treatments are in this design?
- 2. How many runs are in this design?
- 3. Interpret the pattern for the first trial. What are the factor settings for this trial?
- 4. Which row is a replicate of row 1?



伊 DOE - JMP Pro			•		- □ >					
Full Factorial Design Responses Add Response Remove Number of Responses					Particles Design - JMP Pro -					
					 Particles Design Design 2x2x2 Facto 	F	 Bath Time	% Solution	Rinse Time	Particles
Response Name		Goal	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	▶ Model	1 ++-	20		1	
Particles		Minimize .		•	▶ Evaluate Design	2	10		1	•
optional item				DOE Dialog	3+	10		5	•	
						4+	10		5	
					-	5 +++	20	15	5	
4 Factors						6	10	5	1	•
Continuous Categorical Remove Add N Factors 1					Columns (5/0)	7 +-+	20	5	5	•
Name	Role	Values		📥 Pattern 🔍	8 -+-	10	15	1	•	
Bath Time % Solution Rinse Time	Continuous Continuous Continuous	10	1999	20	 Bath Time * % Solution * Rinse Time * Particles * 	9 -+-	10	15	1	•
		5		15 5		10 +-+	20	5	5	•
		1				11 +	20	5	1	•
						12 -++	10	15	5	•
2x2x2 Factorial					-	13 +++	20	15	5	-
Output Options						14 -++	10	15	5	•
Run Order:	Randomize *					15 +	20	5	1	•
Number of Runs:	16				Rows	16 ++-	20	15	1	
Number of Center Points: Number of Replicates: Make Table	1 SN822				All rows16Selected0Excluded0Hidden0					
Back						4	h	d ist		⇒ 2 □ ▼
					evaluations done					



Designing a Full Factorial

Solutions:

1. How many treatments are in this design?

In a 2³ full factorial experiment, there are 8 treatments. Remember that a treatment is a unique combination of factor levels.

2. How many runs are in this design?

There are 16 runs. Each treatment is replicated once.

3. Interpret the pattern for the first trial. What are the factor settings for this trial?

The pattern is ++-. The trial should be run with the high level of Bath Time (20), the high level of % Solution (15), and the low level of Rinse Time (1).

4. Which row is a replicate of row 1?

Row 16 is a replicate of row 1.



Analyzing a Replicated Full Factorial Experiment

Open the file **Particles 2.jmp**. This is based on the 2³ full factorial experiment that you designed in the previous exercise, but it includes a fourth factor: the two-level categorical variable **Type**.

The response is **Particles** (measured in Particles/cm2).

The experiment has been conducted, and the measured particle values have been added to the design table.

Analyze these experimental results. (Hint: Run the **Model** script to launch the Model Specification window. Run the analysis with the default model.)

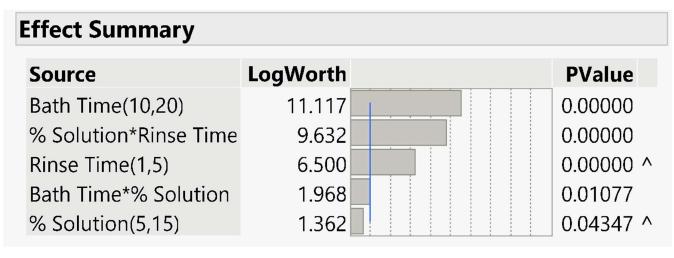
Questions:

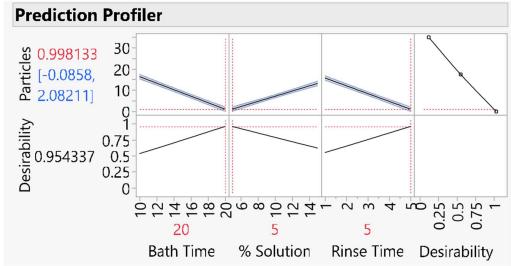
- 1. How many main effects are in the model?
- 2. How many two-way interactions are in the model?
- 3. Which three effects are the most significant?
- 4. Slowly remove nonsignificant terms one at a time, starting with the least significant two-way interactions. Keep all terms with a p-value of 0.05 or less. Which terms are in your reduced model?
- 5. Your response goal is to minimize Particles. Use the Prediction Profiler to find the best (most desirable) factor settings. What are these settings, and what is the predicted **Particles** value at these settings?



 Model Specification 		• • •					
Select Columns	Pick Role Var	lables	Personality: Emphasis:	Standard Least Squares Effect Screening			
Columns	Y	Particles					
🗳 Pattern		optional					
Bath Time			Help	Run			
Solution	Weight a	optional numeric	Recall 🗆 Keep dialog open				
Rinse Time	Freq	optional numeric		Reep didlog open			
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Analyzing a Replicated Full Factorial Experiment

Solutions:

1. How many main effects are in the model?

There are four main effects

2. How many two-way interactions are in the model?

There are six 2-way interactions

3. Which three effects are the most significant?

Bath Time, the %Solution*Rinse Time interaction, and Rinse Time

4. Slowly remove nonsignificant terms one at a time, starting with the least significant twoway interactions. Keep all terms with a p-value of 0.05 or less. Which terms are in your reduced model?

Bath Time, the %Solution*Rinse Time interaction, Rinse Time, Bath time*%Solution, and % Solution

5. Your response goal is to minimize Particles. Use the Prediction Profiler to find the best (most desirable) factor settings. What are these settings, and what is the predicted **Particles** value at these settings?

The best settings are the high level of **Bath Time** (20), the low level of **% Solution** (5), and the high level of **Rinse Time** (5). At these settings, the predicted response is 0.998. (Hint: To find the optimal settings, click the red triangle for the Prediction Profiler and select **Optimization and Desirability**, and then **Maximize Desirability**.)

